

A Population Health Approach to Community-Based Palliative Care Supportive Care Coalition Webinar

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Terri Maxwell PhD, APRN Chief Clinical Officer Turn-Key Health

Maria Gatto MA, APRN, ACHPN, HNP Trinity Health System Director Palliative Care Trinity Health

Learning Objectives

- Describe design, implementation and outcomes of a population health community-based palliative care (CBPC) pilot project
- Discuss the predictive model used to identify candidates for the program
- Review lessons learned and key take-aways



Designed to Address the Need for a New Care Paradigm

- Care is not congruent with people's wishes and is often aggressive even when the prognosis is poor
- Costs at the end of life are burdensome to patients, families, and society
- Care in the final months of life can be improved through the provision of better education, support, communication and coordination



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Caring Across the Continuum **Acute Care** Transitions Sub-Acute, **Urgent Care** Recovery Center & Rehab **Community-Based Care** Skilled Nursing Home SWAT Acute OP Rehab Diagnostic Care Unit Imaging/Center Cardiac Pharmacy Primary Care **Palliative** Home Care Enrollment Hospice Hours Wellness & Centers Goal is to integrate and coordinate services so that they feel seamless Trinity Health

Population Health Approach to Advanced Illness Management

Project goal: to build a bridge to population and risk-based models that incentivizes high value care to support the transition to shared-risk and population-based models



"Prepared, engaged patients are a fundamental precursor to high quality care, lower costs and better health"



The 2015 IOM Report, "Dying in America Improving Quality and Honoring Individual Preferences Near the End of Life"

Pilot Project Overview

1-year Trinity Innovation grant-funded demonstration to develop and test a new community-based advanced illness management (AIM) model

- · Interdisciplinary team phone and home visit care management
- Sample- minimum of 150 seriously ill persons selected from a Medicare Advantage Plan using predictive analytics
 - 211 members enrolled
 - Location- Mount Carmel Palliative Care, Columbus OH
- Program timeframe- October 1, 2015-June 30, 2016 (9 mos.)



Partnership with Turn-Key Health

Turn-Key Health is a national population health palliative care company who provided the following:

- Predictive analytics to identify health plan members for outreach and enrollment
- Engagement and communication strategies and support
- Structured clinical model with assessments and visit protocols
- Platform- clinical record, documentation, workflows and reporting
- · Training and ongoing clinical support



Project Innovations

- Data analytics used for patient selection
- · Additional risk stratification methods to inform visit frequency
- Specialized web-based platform to promote care coordination, documentation and communication
- Standardized palliative care training, documentation, care protocols, and measurement
- Relationship with MA Plan to position for new value-based care models



Measures of Success/Goals

- Engagement and enrollment benchmarks met
- Goals of care documented.
- Satisfaction with symptoms
- · Reduction in caregiver stress
- Patient and family satisfied with program
- Reduction of unplanned care (Emergency department visits and hospitalizations)
- · Earlier adoption of the hospice benefit
- Lower cost of care



Clinical Model Overview

Consultative Care Management Model

- Non-medical model staffed by palliative trained nurses and social workers employed by a hospice and palliative care organization
- Supported by structured phone and home visit assessments and protocols to develop one-to-one relationships with members and families
- · Clinicians assess patient and family, develop plan of care, and organize the delivery of care
- Coordinate services with other providers based on the needs and goals of patient
- PC team does not write prescriptions, but recommend treatment and arrange for DME and/or referring to community services
- Serve as a liaison between patient, family, care team and health plan case managers
- Designed as an evidence-based scalable, cost effective model



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Core Components Care coordination Pain and symptom assessment Medication management/reconciliation Social support/caregiver support Facilitate communication and decision-making related to preferences for care and understanding of prognosis Assist with advance care planning (ACP) Provide referrals to community services and other agencies

Pilot Project Staffing/Budget

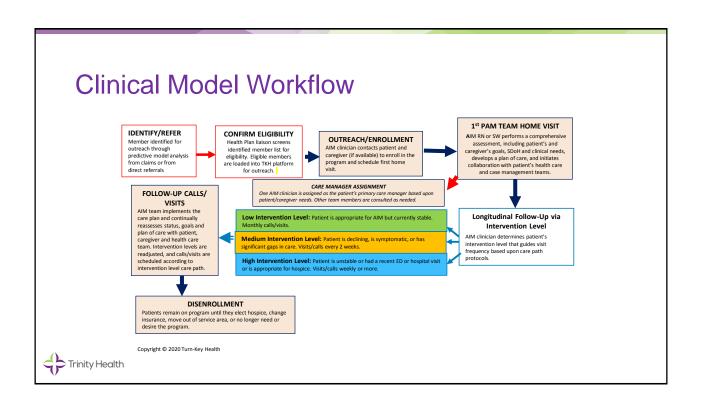
Position	Position Description	FTE
Program Director	Administrative program oversight and supervisory support	.1
Nurse Navigator	Initial assessment, home visit and care plan support	2.0
Social Worker	Psychosocial assessment, support, advance care planning, and resource broker	1.5
Nurse Practitioner	Clinical consultation, Home visits, Care coordination	0.5
Physician	Oversight, consultation, IDT	0.25
Pharmacy Consultant	Pharmacist to conduct medication profile review	0.25
Turn-Key Health	Consultation, analytics, mobile palliative care platform	
Items	Laptops, phones for staff, call center technology, education, training	



Training/Education

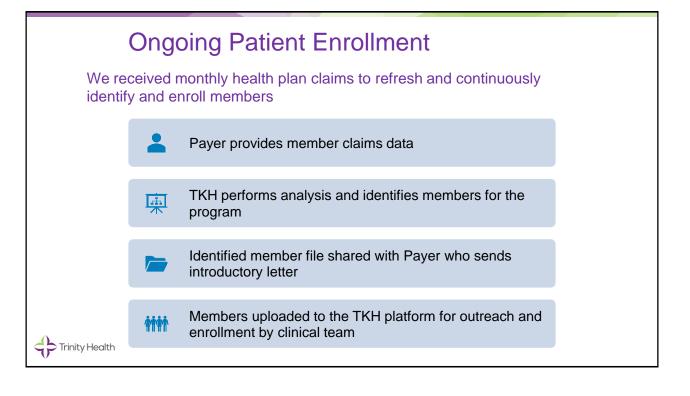
- Palliative care competency
- Goals of care / Respecting Choices Model ACP model
- On demand curriculum/webinars offered through CAPC
- Program policy & procedures
- Program guidelines/visit care pathways
- Software, clinical support tools, phone and home visit assessments, documentation and workflows
- Key program milestones/deliverables





Patient Identification: Predictive Analytics Prediction Over-Medicalized Death Sample Fields and Unplanned care Flags: 30/60 days prior to Utilization data death: Identifies members at Diagnoses: HCCs Chemotherapy risk of experiencing · Demographics Unplanned avoidable hospitalization medicalization and an · DRGs over-medicated death o ICU admissions · Multiple variable within the next 6-12 degrees: Age and o ER visit(s) months gender interaction Life-sustaining Care transitions treatment · DME • High costs > \$50,000 Cancer stratification Hospital ALOS > 24 days

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Engagement & Communication Plan

To create program awareness and maximize enrollment

- Initial phone engagement strategies
- Introductory letters to members
- Education and promotion campaign provided to physician network, case managers, etc.
- Provider notification letter at member enrollment, including brief program description and contact information





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Population Management Electronic Record

- Contains all patient information and captures all patient engagement activities including outreach, scheduling, assessment completion, care plan development and care coordination activities
- Assessments guide interactions and capture information to identify gaps in care and facilitate care planning and reporting
- Intervention levels inform care pathways/visit frequency
- · Clinical dashboards highlight key metrics to prioritize tasks
- Real-time reporting facilitates member and program management



Structured Palliative Assessments

- Medical and social history
- Key demographic and individual factors (race, language, communication barriers, etc.)
- Functional/ADL status
- Medication reconciliation
- Pain and symptom assessment
- Behavioral health screening
- Social support needs
- Social determinants of health (poverty, safety, health literacy, isolation, etc.)

- Veteran status
- Spiritual needs
- Home safety
- Disease-specific assessment/education
- · Caregiver status
- Goals of care
- · Advance care planning
- · Physician engagement
- Access to care
- Acute care utilization/root cause analysis



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Follow-up Care Pathways

Low Intervention Level

Appropriate for program but currently stable

- Symptoms controlled
- Adequate medication adherence
- Social support in place
- Caregiver stress level low
- High PCP engagement

Clinician calls or visits monthly

Medium Intervention Level

Declining health or functional status, symptomatic, or has significant care gaps or needs

- New or moderate symptoms
- Medication adherence at risk
- · Low social support
- Challenges related to SDOH
- Caregiver stress level moderate
- Missed PCP appointments

Clinician calls or visits every 2 weeks

High Intervention Level

Unstable, recent ED visit or hospitalization, or appropriate for hospice

- Active/worsening symptoms
- Medication nonadherence
- Low social support or high SDOH needs
- No caregiver or high caregiver stress
- Recent ED
- visit/hospitalization
- Meets hospice eligibility criteria

Clinician calls or visits weekly and PRN



Patient Story

PB is an 88-year-old female with heart failure, arthritis, renal failure and glaucoma who lives alone. She experienced multiple falls, some resulting in ED visits and 2 hospitalizations for heart failure in the previous 6 months, largely due to poor medication adherence. She did not want to leave her home despite her failing health.

The nurse and social worker from the AIM team set up Meals on Wheels and monitored her weight, lung sounds, and pedal edema for signs of increasing heart failure. A neighbor agreed to fill her pill box weekly in between AIM team visits.

PB had no further ED or hospital admissions

3 months after enrolling in the AIM program and after a series of meetings with PB, she was admitted to hospice. She remained in hospice for 3 months before transferring to inpatient hospice care during her final two weeks of life.



Key Pilot Program Outcomes

- Ability to identify and risk stratify population
- Patient engagement success
- · Goals of care documentation
- Symptom status
- Medication reconciliation completion
- Patient care experience/program satisfaction
- Access to hospice and hospice LOS
- Hospital/ED use and cost of care



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Outreach and Engagement

- Called 701 of the top ranked members
- Successfully reached 82%
- Of those reached, 24% were not eligible due to a change in status
- 34% declined to participate in the initial call
- Of those who completed outreach (n= 241), 211 enrolled (net 56% engagement rate)



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Population Description

211 Members Enrolled

- 53% male
- 97% Caucasian
- 86% > age 80; (21% > age 90)
- 33% lived alone
- 87% PPS< 60; (49%< 50)

Primary Diagnosis

- CHF- 26%
- Pulmonary- 20%
- · Coronary artery disease- 20%
- Other- 15%
- · Cancer- 9%
- Dementia- 4%
- Neurological- 4%
- ESRD- 2%

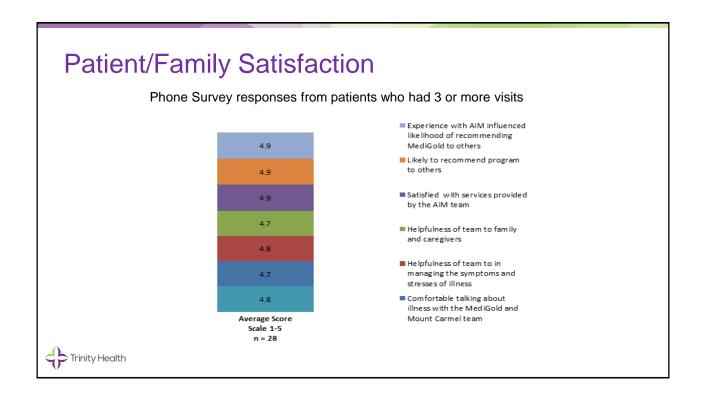


Timeframe: 9 months

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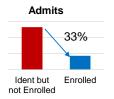
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Clinical Outcomes Medication reconciliation performed *97% (benchmark 95%) *73% of patients were on 8 or more medications Goals of care documented \$98% (benchmark 95%) 43% members changed code status Satisfied with symptoms \$98% satisfied (benchmark 80%) Trinity Health



Utilization and Cost Outcomes

804 MA Patients (211 enrolled c/t 600 identified, but not enrolled who received standard health plan case management)









Overall, the study group had a **20% reduction in total medical costs** (\$619 PMPM) with an estimated **total savings of \$659,906** determined by multiplying the PPPM savings by the number of the study group's patient member months (n=1065).



Hospice Length of Stay

	Baseline	Enrolled
Mean LOS	49.7	51.5
Median LOS	12	52.1



Key Considerations

Be prepared to:

- Get a seat at the table if you plan to work with health systems; be part of the population health solution
- Describe the needs or problems your community palliative care program will address and how it differs from current case management or other population health programs
 - Plans, population health programs and specialized home care programs think they are already providing specialized palliative care
- Explain the ways in which your program is an innovative, disruptive or a breakthrough approach
 - Never assume that people know what palliative care is
- Explain how your program will integrate with current case management programs



Key Considerations Cont'd

- Determine staffing mix and numbers
- Identify a target a population
- Engage participants and/or obtain referrals
- · Measure the financial and non-financial benefits
 - · Find an actuary who understands how to do this
- Develop a plan to overcome potential challenges that could delay implementation or impact the project
- Build it- can't just "add on" to existing Hospice or Home Care duties
- How will you sustain and replicate the model?



Lessons Learned Resulting in Program Enhancements

- Predictive model refinements that include new interaction terms, oncology specific drugs, etc. for improved patient identification
- New platform for documentation, task tracking, workflow support and real-time patient dashboards
- Turn-Key Clinical Account Managers assigned to each team for training, clinical consultation and oversight
- Additional items such as SDOH screening questions added to assessments
- New policies and protocols to improve operational processes and attainment of clinical outcomes based upon best practice and evidence



Discussion/Questions





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Contact Information

Terri Maxwell PhD, APRN, Chief Clinical Officer tmaxwell@turn-keyhealth.com 856-430-3195

Maria Gatto, MA, APRN, ACHPN, HNP
Trinity Health System Director Palliative Care
Trinity Health
734-343-0642
gattom@trinity-health.org



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